

9.2 Life cycles

9.2.1 Business

9.2.1.1 Formation

<i>Item</i>	<i>Rate</i>
Business formation processes take into account information protection issues.	
Enter rating.	

9.2.1.2 Funding

<i>Item</i>	<i>Rate</i>
Financial information associated with funding processes is protected by confidentiality agreements.	
Information provided to funders is under non-disclosure and is limited to information that is appropriate to the need.	
Funding requirements include information protection issues and risks associated with information protection failures.	
Add ratings and divide by 3 for an overall rating.	

9.2.1.3 Operation

<i>Item</i>	<i>Rate</i>
Operations issues are covered elsewhere.	

9.2.1.4 IPOs

<i>Item</i>	<i>Rate</i>
Initial public offering (IPO) legal and regulatory requirements for information protection are met before IPOs are made.	
Enter rating	

9.2.1.5 Joint ventures

<i>Item</i>	<i>Rate</i>
Joint ventures and similar business arrangements use special protective measures for technical interconnects.	
Joint venture implementations prevent revelations that might violate restraint of trade requirements.	
Joint venture implementations prevent leaks of competitive information.	
Joint venture implementations prevent corruption of one enterprise by the other through the joint venture.	
Joint venture implementations allow participants to reach back into their respective infrastructures to efficiently and effectively work together.	
Add ratings and divide by 5 for an overall rating.	

9.2.1.6 Mergers and acquisitions

<i>Item</i>	<i>Rate</i>
Merger or acquisition due diligence processes take into account the security issues in combined technology components, capabilities, and systems, mixing of staff, and exchanges of content previously controlled by different information protection programs.	
Firewalls are created between entities to allow cooperation while the protection infrastructures are reconciled.	
Classification systems, clearances, and need-to-know are reconciled in order to regain proper controls.	
Interdependency analysis, risk aggregation, and business continuity and disaster recovery plans are reconciled.	
Disgruntled and laid off employees are adequately taken care of within this process.	
Add ratings and divide by 5 for an overall rating.	

9.2.1.7 Divestiture

<i>Item</i>	<i>Rate</i>
Divestiture role changes are analyzed for the split to assure appropriate levels of membership in necessary roles in both remaining entities.	
CISO organizations are still properly constituted after the split for each entity.	
Disgruntled and laid off employees are adequately taken care of within this process.	
Add ratings and divide by 3 for an overall rating.	

9.2.1.8 Bankruptcy

<i>Item</i>	<i>Rate</i>
Private information protected by law is properly stored or disposed of according to the legal requirements for that sort of data during a terminal bankruptcy.	
Proprietary materials from third parties like trade secrets and copyrights are protected.	
Classified or similarly controlled information is properly handled regardless of the business status of the entity.	
Life cycle issues are properly managed during bankruptcy.	
Add ratings and divide by 4 for an overall rating.	

9.2.1.9 Dissolution

<i>Item</i>	<i>Rate</i>
Data, system, and people life cycles are properly managed in dissolution.	
Enter rating.	

9.2.1.10 Roll-up

Area	Rate
Formation	
Funding	
Operation	
IPOs	
Joint ventures	
Mergers and acquisitions	
Divestiture	
Bankruptcy	
Dissolution	
Total all ratings and divide by 8	

Startup	Diligence	Typical	Excellent	Best
0	5	5	7	9